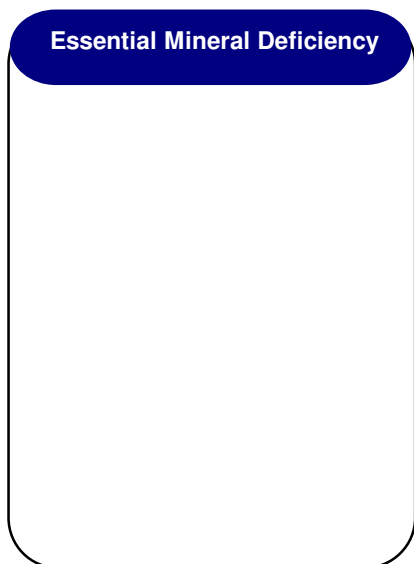




Hair Mineral Analysis

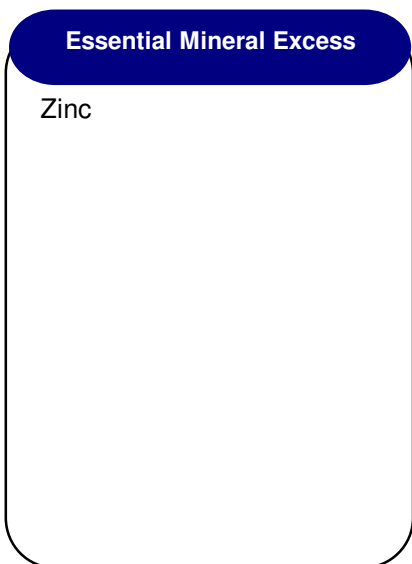
Summary At A Glance

Essential Mineral Deficiency

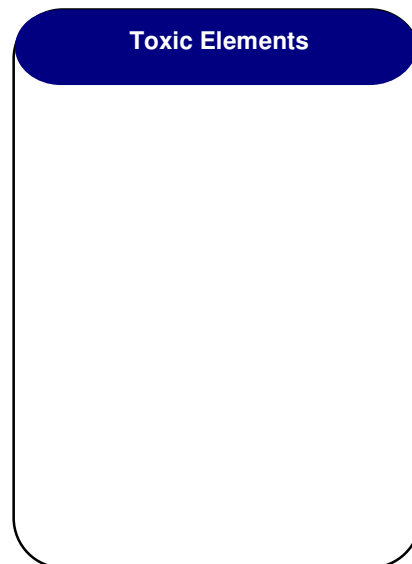


Essential Mineral Excess

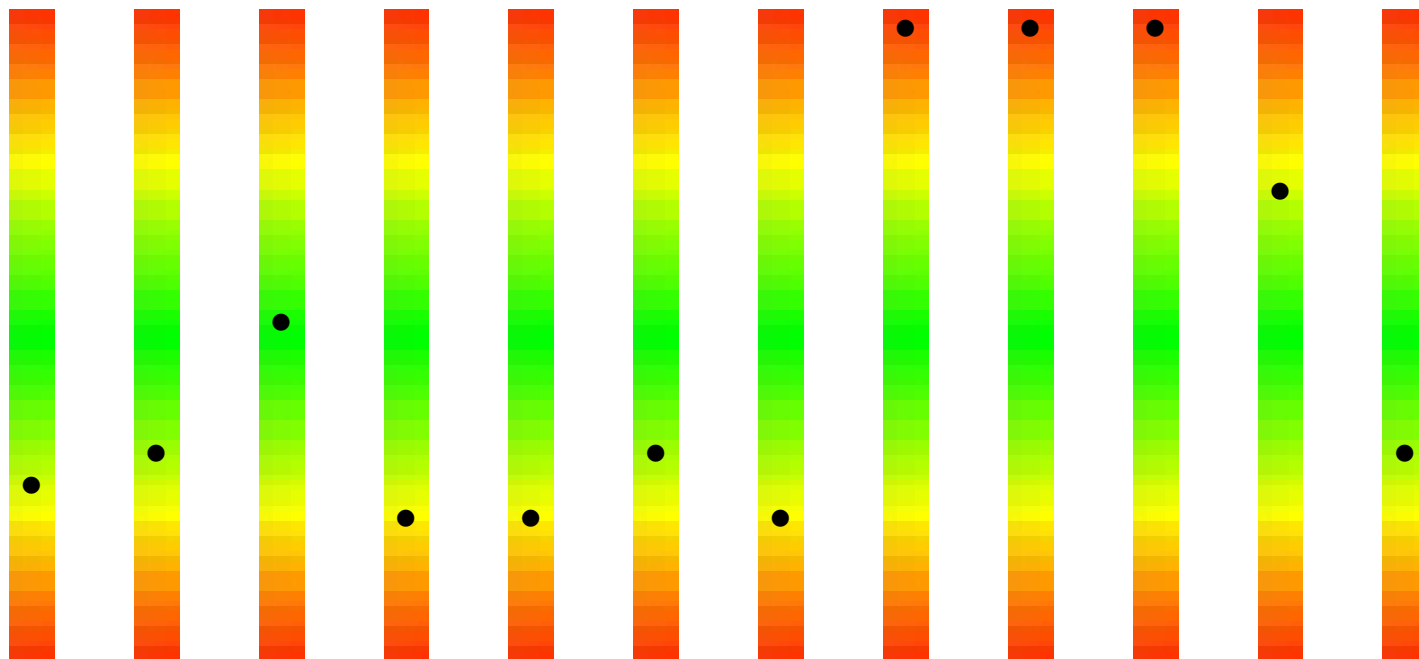
Zinc



Toxic Elements



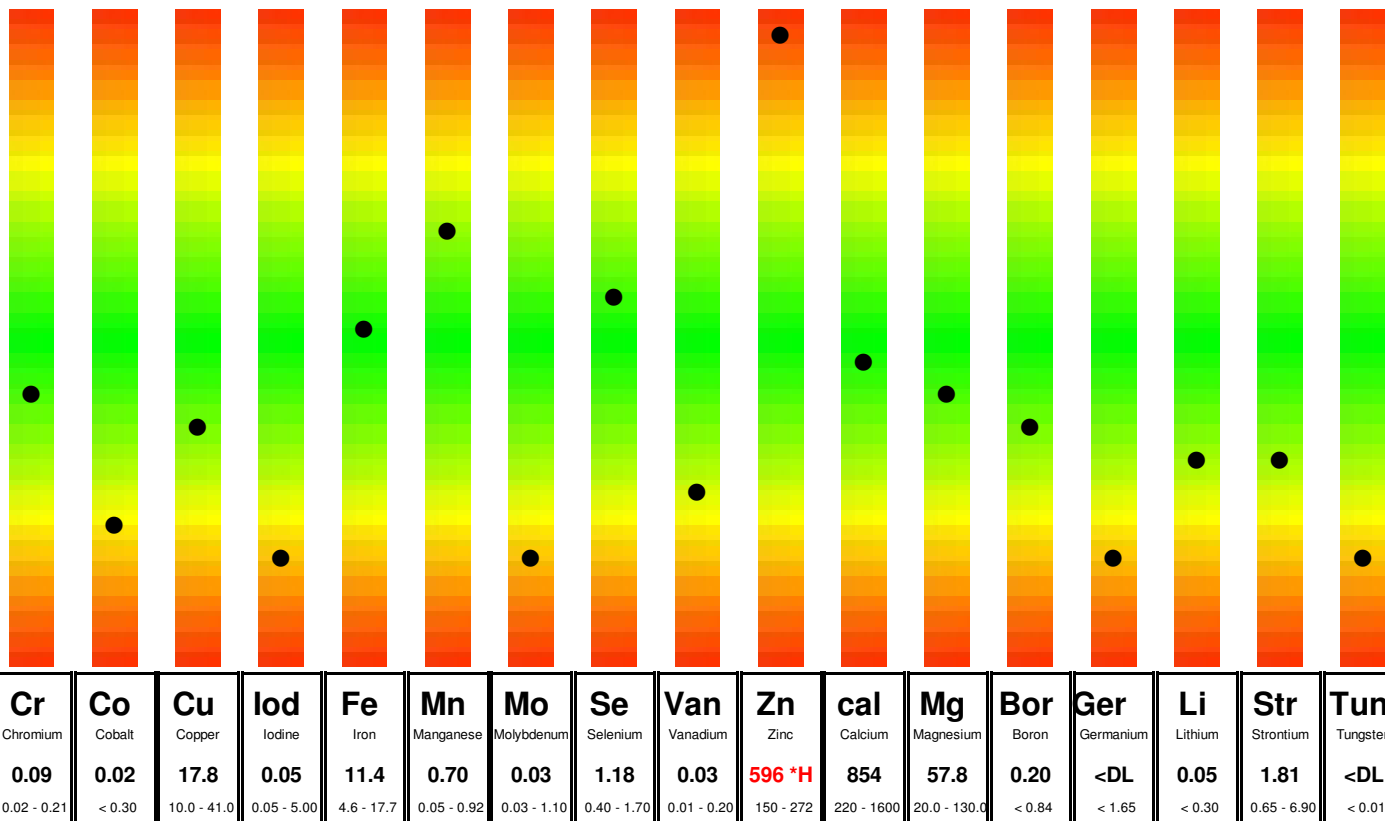
Essential Mineral Ratios



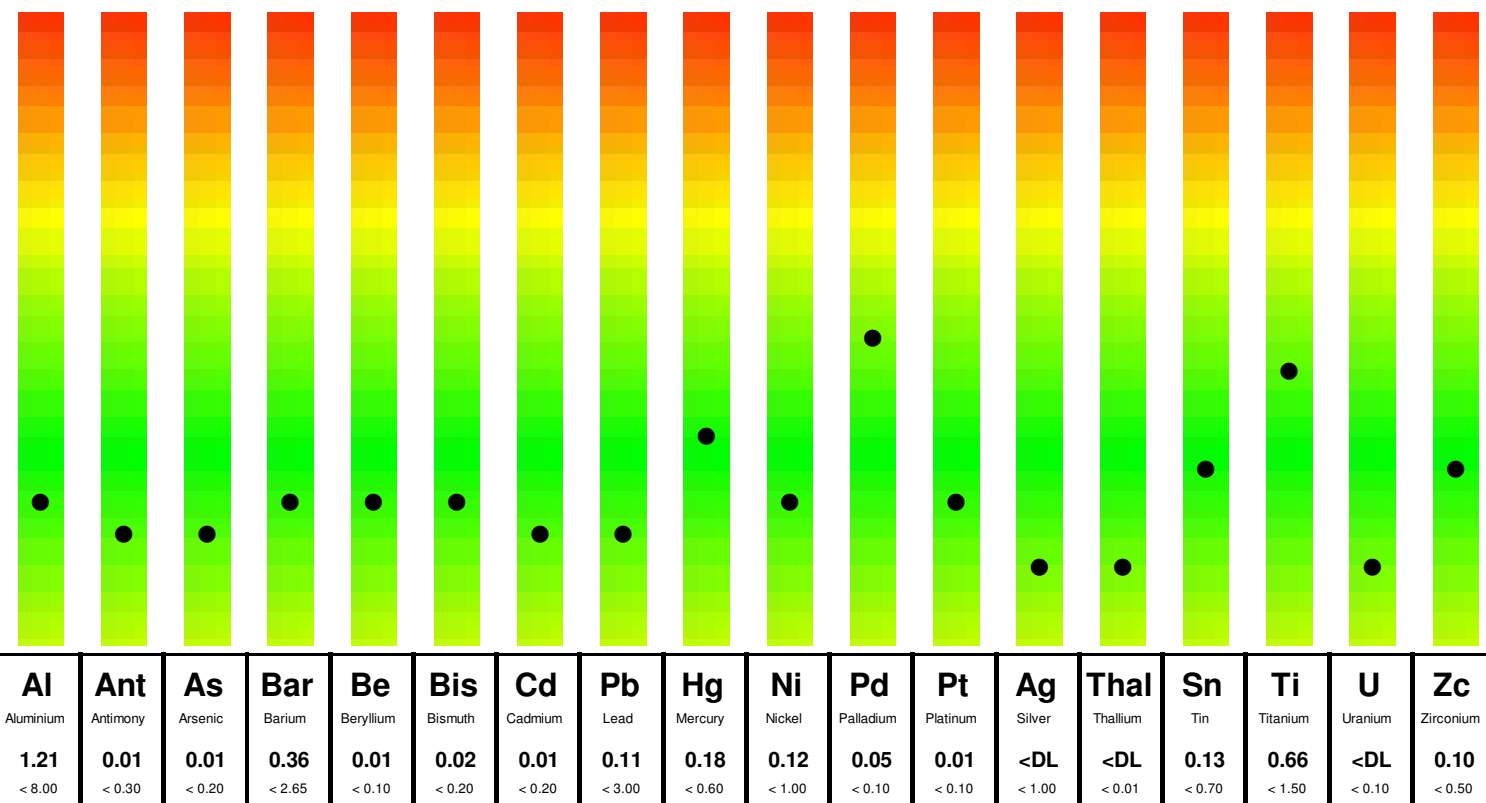
	Ca/Cu Calcium/Copper	Ca/Fe Calcium/Iron	Ca/Mg Calcium/Magnesium	Ca/Sr Calcium/Strontium	Ca/Zn Calcium/Zinc	Fe/Cu Iron/Copper	Fe/Mn Iron/Manganese	Zn/Cr Zinc/Chromium	Zn/Cu Zinc/Copper	Zn/Fe Zinc/Iron	Zn/Mg Zinc/Magnesium	Zn/Mn Zinc/Manganese
Result	48.0	74.8	14.8	472	1.4	0.6	16.2	6523 *H	33.5 *H	52.2 *H	10.31	847
Range	5.5 - 292.0	16.1 - 293.0	4.9 - 26.1	41 - 5517	0.9 - 11.3	0.1 - 2.5	5.5 - 195.0	383 - 2254	8.2 - 13.2	10.4 - 45.4	1.09 - 12.40	142 - 3542



Essential Minerals



Toxic Elements





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Laboratory Comments

LOW COBALT LEVEL:

Cobalt is part of the Vitamin B12 molecule and is necessary for Vitamin B12 activity and function. Cobalt, which is mainly stored in the liver, activates numerous enzymes, and is excreted in bile. A low dietary intake inhibits foetal development and may reflect a low intake of Vitamin B12.

Sources:

All animal products, including all meats, fish, cheese, brewer's yeast and yeast extracts. Strict vegetarians (vegans) and those who lack intrinsic factor risk vitamin B12 and cobalt deficiency.

Symptoms:

Include pernicious anaemia.

Therapeutic Consideration:

Increase vitamin B12 intake and/or consumption of cobalt-rich foods.

LOW/LOW NORMAL MOLYBDENUM LEVEL:

Deficiency has been linked to gout. Low levels in heavy meat eaters reflect digestive disorder, the need for digestive enzymes and dietary changes. Such patients should avoid pork, beef, whole grain and rather eat poultry, fish and other light proteins. Vegetarians should either add some meat to their diet or take molybdenum chelate with B-vitamins, which aid the absorption of molybdenum. Dietary molybdenum is readily absorbed by the intestine and is excreted in the urine and bile.

Sources:

Whole grains, legumes, leafy vegetables and organ meats. The recommended daily intake is 0,15-0,5 mg/day, depending on age and status. Acute deficiency symptoms are unknown in humans. Excess intake of copper, zinc, and sulfates can depress Mo-update, causing disturbances in the uric acid cycle. Low molybdenum levels have been associated with impotency, increased cancer susceptibility, gout, dental caries, defects in the metabolism of sulfur-containing amino acids, and asthma.

ELEVATED ZINC LEVEL:

Elevated levels of Zinc in hair is almost always an indication of a prolonged zinc deficiency.

Zinc is necessary for metabolism, RNA polymerases and CuZnSOD. Because it has a fixed outer electron valence of +2 it can inhibit many iron based free radical reactions by displacing iron from its binding site. Zinc can be toxic at high levels.



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Collection Date : 06-Feb-2025
Received Date: 07-Feb-2025



4068184