Treatment Plan for Charlotte Ray

Date: 23.04.24

Patient Health Priorities: Reduce appearance of acne, Reduce anxiety



Timeline:

Short term

- Reduce feelings of anxiety through improvements in iron status, nutritional supplementation and herbal medicine
- Reduce appearance and severity of acne by supporting skin barrier function, reducing inflammation, supporting immune system function and hormonal signalling through dietary changes, nutritional supplementation, lifestyle strategies and herbal medicine

Long Term

• Support immune, lymphatic and respiratory system to reduce the risk of upper respiratory tract infections

Follow Up appointment: 2 weeks prescription with repeat for another 2 weeks, follow up appointment at 4 weeks

Nutrition Overview for CHARLOTTE RAY

Date: 23.04.24



Include the following foods		
Fibre	Soluble fibre - fruit and vegetables, barley, seed husks, flaxseed, psyllium, oat bran, legumes (lentils, peas, dried beans, soy)	
	Insoluble fibre - wheat bran, corn, rive, skins and fruit and vegetables, dried teas, nuts, seeds, wholegrain foods	
	Resistant starch - unripe banana, lentils, unprocessed cereals and grains, cooked and cooled potato and rice	
Water		2L/day
Iron	Haem iron sources : meat (beef, lamb, pork, kangaroo), poultry (chicken, turkey, eggs), seafood (salmon, sardines, tuna) and organ	18mg/day
	meats (liver, kidney, pate)	
	Non-haem sources : ;legumes (mixed beans, lentils, chickpeas), dark green leafy vegetables (spinach, silver beet, broccoli), tofu,	
	nuts, seeds, dried fruit, wholemeal pasta and bread	
Protein	Include a source of protein with each meal	-
Essential	Fatty fish – salmon, mackerel, anchovies, sardines, herring; flaxseed/linseed, chia seeds, walnuts	2-3 serves (150g)
Fatty Acids		of fish per week

Eliminate or limit the following foods		
Saturated Fat	Fried foods, dairy products, coconut oil, butter, takeaway foods, bakery goods, commercial biscuits and crackers	
Sugar	Soft drink, juice, lollies, ice cream, honey, some breakfast cereals	
Dairy	Milk, cheese, yoghurt, cream, ice cream etc	
	Substitute with coconut yoghurt, sorbet, sheep and goat cheeses. Avoid soy milk. A2 milk can be used when necessary. A frozen banana blended in	
	a thermomix or food processor is a great ice cream substitute.	

Track your intake using the Easy Diet Diary app (free download)

Prescription Overview for CHARLOTTE RAY

Date: 23.04.24



PRESCRIPTION	Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner	Bedtime
BioMedica Bioheme Avoid tea, coffee, soy, dairy and zinc	1 cap (every second day OR Mon/Wed/Fri)			
A.M. Nutritional Compound	5.3g			
P.M. Nutritional Compound			7.6g	
Herbal Tea Away from iron and nutrient compound by 1 hour	1 cup		After school – 1 cup	

Other reminders:

• Oil Cleansing: morning and night (see handout)

Testing Recommendations

- Complete microbiome Mapping (NutriPath 2206) \$389 + \$26 postage fee to assess microbiome bacteria (beneficial and pathogenic), gastrointestinal markers, gut integrity, viral pathogens which will inform future treatment aims. Once testing is completed we can address the individual microbes that need supplementing, and the foods that are important to support these microbes.
- Iron studies repeat iron studies May 2024.
- Vitamin D deficiency may lead to elevated hepcidin levels, reducing the absorption of iron

Detailed goals and rationale for CHARLOTTE RAY Date: 23.04.24



HEALTH GOAL	RATIONALE & INFO	DOSE
Optimise hormone metabolism and gut microbiome by increasing dietary fibre to 22g per day	 Balance gut microbiome to support immunity, support neurotransmitter production and reduce inflammation Improve bowel function and hormone metabolism - excess hormones are bound to fibre and excreted during bowel movements improves satiety which help with weight loss, also bind fats and lowers absorption of glucose through delaying gastric emptying Soluble fibre reduces cholesterol reabsorption, improves hormone elimination and improves satiety, improves faeces bulk Insoluble fibre bulks faeces, improves constipation and speeds up digestion Resistant starch improves microbiome health to produce short chain fatty acids, which may protect against colon cancer and lower cholesterol levels Research - https://www.mdpi.com/2072-6643/12/3/859/htm Optimise dietary fibre Soluble fibre - fruit and vegetables, barley, seed husks, flaxseed, psyllium, oat bran, legumes (lentils, peas, dried beans, soy) Insoluble fibre - wheat bran, corn, rive, skins and fruit and vegetables, dried teas, nuts, seeds, wholegrain foods Resistant starch - unripe banana, lentils, unprocessed cereals and grains, cooked and cooled potato and rice https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/nutrient-reference-values/nutrients/dietary-fibre 	Aim for 22g per day from a variety of sources of fruit, vegetables legumes, seeds and wholegrain. Increase fibre intake gradually to avoid gastrointestinal side effects. Track your intake using the Easy Diet Diary app (free download).

Increase water intake to 2L per day	Improve bowel function by increasing water intake to normalise stool consistency and transit times (which will improve cholesterol and hormone elimination) This is particularly important when increasing fibre in the diet. Fibre increases without adequate water intake may lead to constipation	2L per day
Improve iron status through iron supplementation	 Improve production of healthy red blood cells, in the formation of haemoglobin, and in oxygen transport within the body by correcting iron deficiency Improve immune function through increasing iron availability for macrophage activity and T lymphocyte proliferation Improve energy levels by supporting ATP production Improve thyroid hormone synthesis 	Prescribed: BioMedica Bioheme 30 capsules Take 1 capsule every second day *** Place a calender on
	Research: www.Ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC9219084/ https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7193469/ <a <="" href="Take iron either upon waking or before bed, at the same time every second day, with a vitamin C supplement. Take 6 hours away from heavy exercise. Avoid supplements containing zinc, selenium or calcium at the same time. Avoid tea, coffee, dairy and soy protein at time of taking iron." td=""><td>your fridge and mark it each time you take a capsule OR take your iron on Monday Wednesday Friday if it's easier to remember ***</td>	your fridge and mark it each time you take a capsule OR take your iron on Monday Wednesday Friday if it's easier to remember ***
Improve iron status through dietary strategies	Optimise iron rich foods to improve iron status Haem iron sources: meat (beef, lamb, pork, kangaroo), poultry (chicken, turkey, eggs), seafood (salmon, sardines, tuna) and organ meats (liver, kidney, pate) Non-haem sources: ;legumes (mixed beans, lentils, chickpeas), dark green leafy vegetables (spinach, silver beet, broccoli), tofu, nuts, seeds, dried fruit, wholemeal pasta and bread	Recommended Daily Intakes Female 14-18 years: 15mg/day https://www.nrv.gov.au/ resources/nrv-summary- tables

Optimise Iron Absorption through nutritional supplementation of vitamin C	Improves iron absorption by enhancing the bioavailability of iron In addition to improving iron absorption, vitamin C: • Supports healthy immune system function • Supports collagen synthesis to improve skin health	Prescribed : Morning nutrient compound Take each morning with breakfast
Decrease skin inflammation and improve microbiome through decreasing dietary saturated fats	Excess saturated fats stimulate NF-KB signalling to increase inflammatory cytokines Saturated fats negatively alter microbiome by decreasing diversity, gram-negative species and short chain fatty acid production, while increasing pathogenic species Saturated fats are found in fried foods, dairy products, coconut oil, butter, takeaway foods, bakery goods, commercial biscuits and crackers Research: https://doi.org/10.1093/advances/nmz125	
Support healthy skin barrier and reduce inflammation by optimising dietary intake of essential fatty acids	Include these sources of essential fatty acids in your diet on a regular basis: • flaxseed/linseed • chia seeds • walnuts • Hemp seeds, hemp seed oil Increase Omega-3 intake by inclusion of fatty fish of 2-3 serves per week, with a serve being 150g. Select fish high in Omega-3, including mullet, salmon (Atlantic or Australian), mackerel, sardine, rainbow trout, bream or silver perch. Research: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6117694/ https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1753-4887.2010.00287.x	Aim for 2–3 serves (150g) of fish per week

Reduce inflammation and hormone precursors by reducing sugar intake	Reduce sugar - the high-dose fructose you get from desserts, honey, fruit juice, and dried fruit. There is no need to reduce fruit, as the fructose in fruit is lower dose and whole fruit contains fibre to slow the spike in blood sugar from fruit.	
Reduce inflammation and hormone (androgen) precursors by eliminating dairy	Dairy contains insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF-1) which increases sebum production leading to increased severity of acne.	Eliminate to 0 serves per day for the next 12 weeks then reassess
	Eliminate all dairy, including milk, cheese, yoghurt, cream, ice cream etc	
	 Substitutes: coconut yoghurt (CocoBella have some delicious flavours) frozen banana blended in a thermomix or food processor is a great ice cream substitute. sheep and goat cheeses are ok Try almond milk (I recommend Pure Harvest Organic Almond Unsweetened) Avoid soy milk. A2 milk can be used when if absolutely necessary Butter is ok Research: https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/15781674/ 	